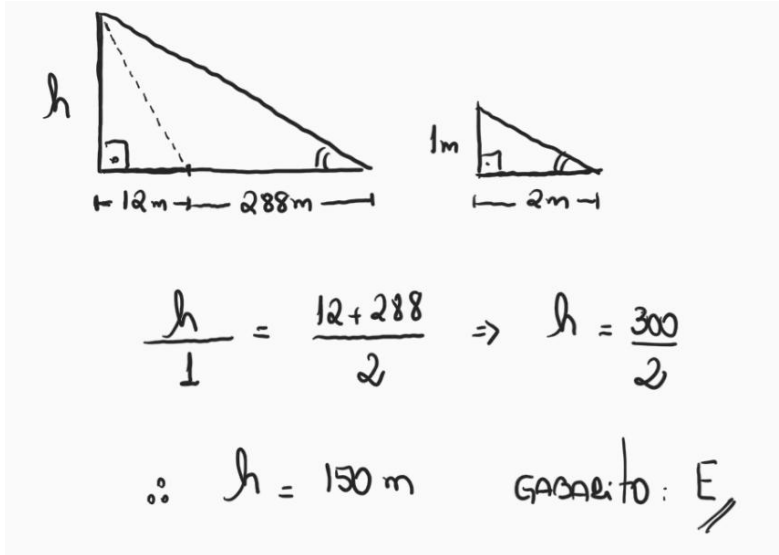
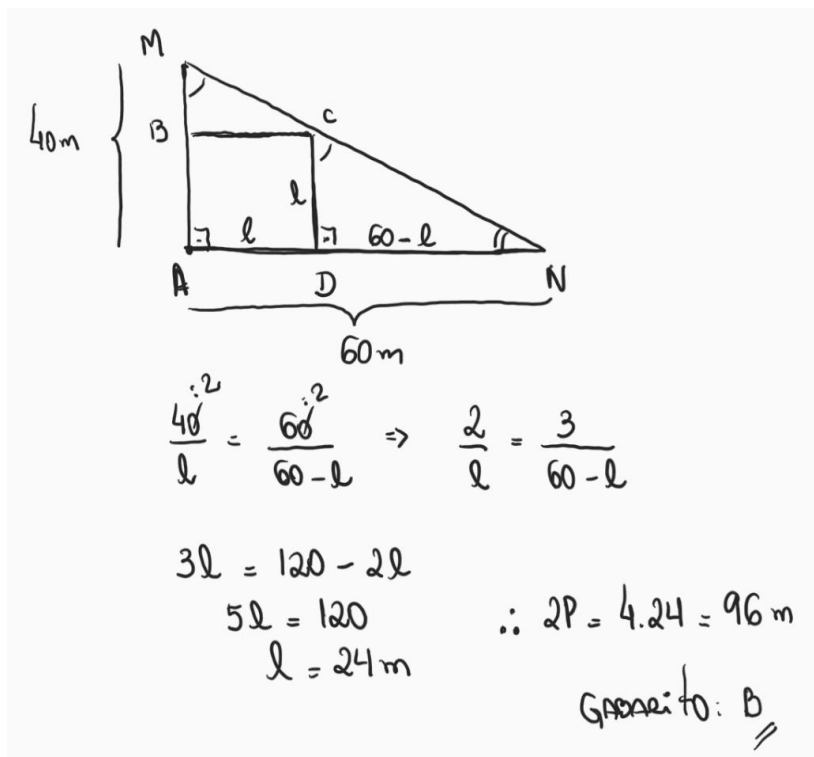


QUESTÕES OBJETIVAS

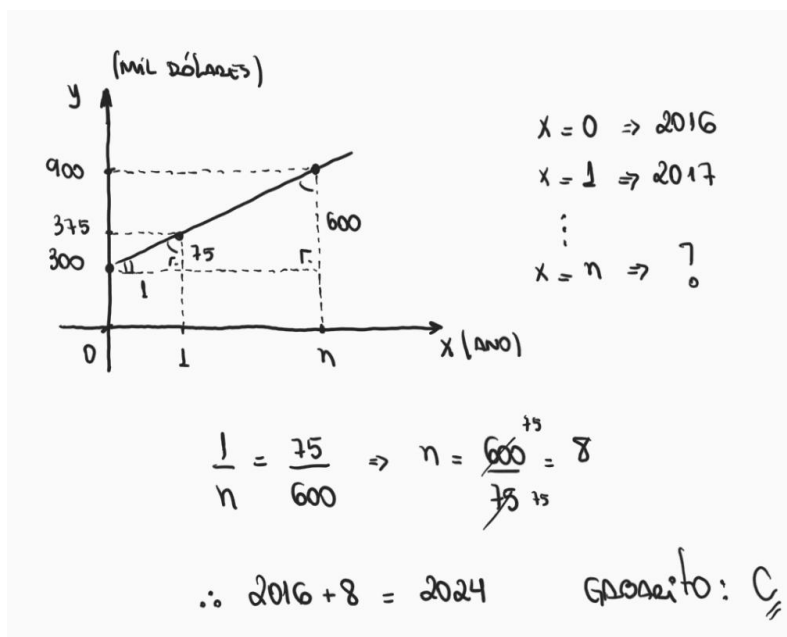
QUESTÃO 16



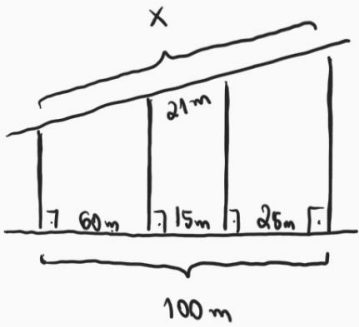
QUESTÃO 17



QUESTÃO 18



QUESTÃO 19



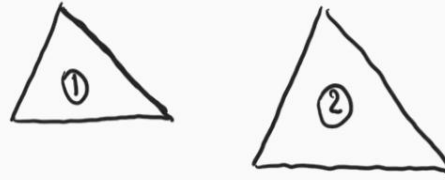
$$\frac{X}{21} = \frac{100}{3}$$

$$\frac{X}{7} = \frac{100}{5}$$

$$X = 7 \cdot 20 \quad \therefore X = 140 \text{ m}$$

GABARITO: A

QUESTÃO 20



$$\frac{2P_1}{2P_2} = k \quad \frac{A_1}{A_2} = k^2 \Rightarrow \frac{31}{124} = k^2$$

$$k^2 = \frac{1}{4} \quad k = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{43}{2P_2} = \frac{1}{2} \quad 2P_2 = 86 \text{ m}$$

Logo, a soma dos perímetros é

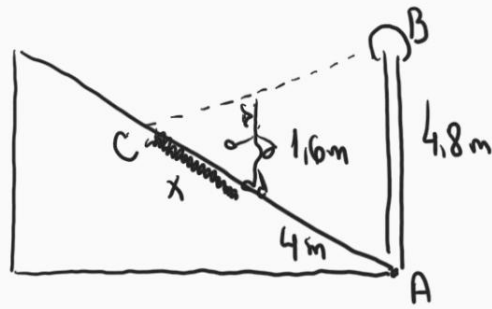
$$43 + 86 = 129 \text{ m}$$

Assim o custo é dado por:

$$129 \times 23 = 2967$$

\therefore R\$ 2967,00 GABARITO: A

QUESTÃO 21



$$\frac{1.6}{4.8} = \frac{x}{x+4}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{x}{x+4}$$

$$3x = x+4$$

$$2x = 4$$

$$x = 2 \text{ m}$$

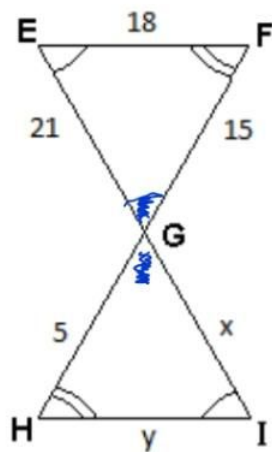
∴ 2m A MEDIDAS DA SOMBRA

Resposta: D

QUESTÕES DISCURSIVAS

QUESTÃO 09

a)



$$\frac{5}{15} = \frac{y}{18}$$

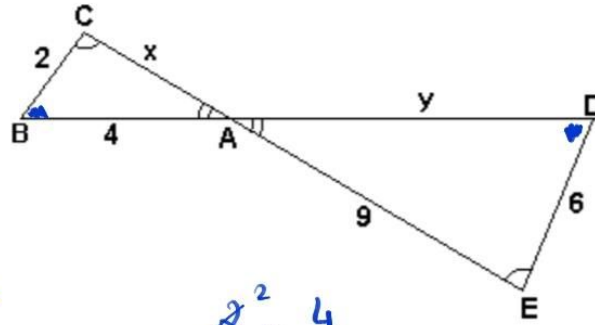
$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{y}{18}$$

$$y = 6 \text{ u.c.}$$

$$\frac{5}{15} = \frac{x}{21}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{x}{21} \quad x = 7 \text{ u.c.}$$

b)



$$\frac{x}{9} = \frac{2^2}{6^2}$$

$$\frac{2^2}{6^2} = \frac{4}{y}$$

$$\frac{x}{9} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{y}$$

$$3x = 9$$

$$x = 3 \text{ u.c.}$$

$$y = 12 \text{ u.c.}$$

QUESTÃO 10

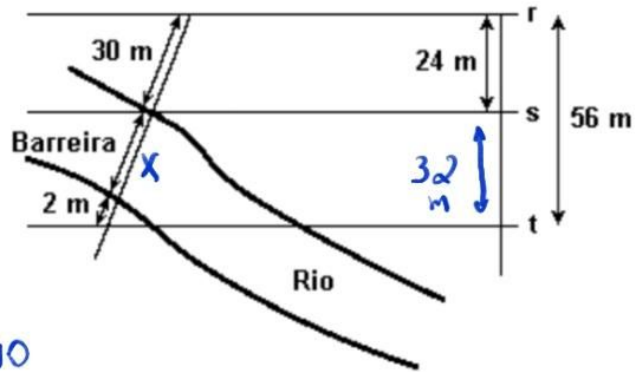
$$\frac{30}{x+2} = \frac{24^8}{32^8}$$

$$\frac{30^3}{x+2} = \frac{3^3}{4}$$

$$\frac{10}{x+2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$x+2 = 40$$

$$x = 38 \text{ m}$$

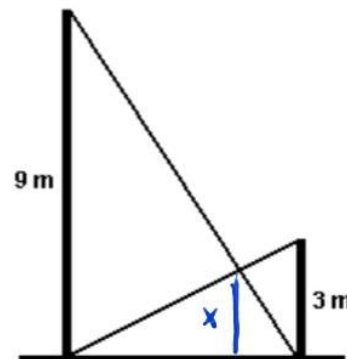


QUESTÃO 11

$$x = \frac{3 \cdot 9}{3+9}$$

$$x = \frac{27^3}{12^3}$$

$$x = \frac{9}{4} \Rightarrow x = 2,25 \text{ m}$$



QUESTÃO 12

$$\frac{11}{x} = \frac{5}{8-x}$$

$$5x = 88 - 11x$$

$$16x = 88$$

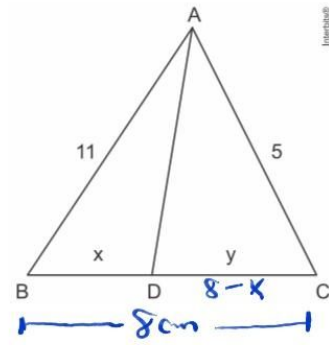
$$x = \frac{88}{16}$$

$$x = \frac{11}{2} = 5,5 \text{ cm}$$

$$y = 8 - x$$

$$y = 8 - 5,5$$

$$y = 2,5 \text{ cm}$$



QUESTÃO 13

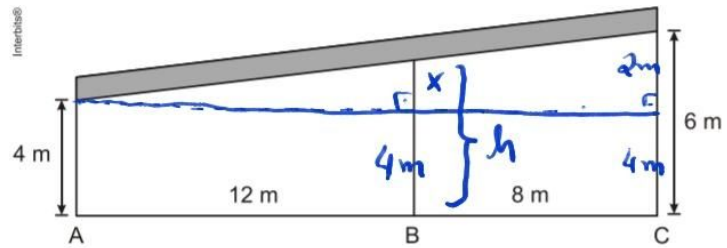
$$\frac{12}{x} = \frac{12+8}{2}$$

$$\frac{12}{x} = \frac{20}{2}$$

$$\frac{12}{x} = \frac{10}{1}$$

$$x = 1,2 \text{ m}$$

$$\therefore h = 1,2 + 4 = 5,2 \text{ m}$$



QUESTÃO EXTRA

$$A_1 = 2 \cdot A_2$$

$$\frac{A_1}{A_2} = 2$$

$$k^2 = 2$$

$$k = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\frac{4}{4-x} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{1}$$

$$4\sqrt{2} - x\sqrt{2} = 4$$

$$x\sqrt{2} = 4\sqrt{2} - 4$$

$$x = \frac{4\sqrt{2} - 4}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$x = \frac{8 - 4\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$x = (4 - 2\sqrt{2}) \text{ u.c.}$$

